

RESEARCH OF KEY TRENDS AND SPECIFIC WORK FEATURES OF SPECIALISTS IN GOVERNMENT RELATIONS IN RUSSIA

Based on the survey among GR-directors and GR-specialists of large enterprises

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"During the elaboration of this survey we ventured hypotheses about objectives and specific features, pertaining to the work of GR-specialists. Through the carried out research we were able to verify our assumptions and answer the questions as to what specialists in Government Relations do, how they see the evolvement of their profession and, finally, how it is possible to make the work of GR-specialists more effective and transparent.

The research outcomes proved the point that proactivity and the high-level selforganization skills are important characteristics of seasoned GR-professionals. Our ability to independently set objectives makes it possible to monitor risks, be ahead of the curve and create new tools and communication channels between business and government structures on a permanent basis. One of such instruments – legal expertise of legislative acts. In particular, according to the research, the implementation of legal expertise influenced opinions of colleagues about the professional environment – those who conduct expertise rarely assume that the GR-market is non-transparent. So, that is a fair point to suggest that our proactivity makes our work better in terms of quality, thus dispelling the myths, regarding the impact of "backstage" talks, negotiations which take place "behind the scenes".

We cordially thank all the participants of our survey. We express our appreciation to all experts, who had time to share their commentaries. Hope that the survey's results will be useful for multi-level GR-specialists and CEOs. We are ready to answer all your questions with regard to the implemented research".

TABLE OF CONTENTS

About the research	5
Key conclusions	8
Representation of the company's interests within public authorities	10
Communication with public authorities	12
Promotion strategy with regard to the company's interests at the level of public	
authorities	14
Courses of action and objectives of GR-specialists	16
Corporate interaction	22
Delegation of the GR-department's functions	24
Formation of the key performance indicators (KPIs) system	26
Image of an "ideal" specialist in Government Relations	28
Staffing arrangements and recruitment	32
GR-industry	34

ABOUT THE RESEARCH

GOAL OF THE RESEARCH:

Identification of key trends and functional specific professional features of specialists in Government Relations in Russia.

OBJECTIVES OF THE RESEARCH:

- → Unveil the most important communication channels between business and government structures;
- → Identify the main personal qualities and professional skills of GRspecialists;
- → Review the trends with regard to the operation of a GR-department (a specialist) within the company as well as ways of recruiting specialists in Government Relations;
- → Evaluate the current state of affairs in the domain of GR-services in



ABOUT THE RESEARCH

→ We carried out the exploratory research among specialists of the GR-industry, working in the corporate large-business segment, through the online questionnaire survey. Among the respondents of the online questionnaire survey are 103 GRspecialists of large Russian and international companies with the minimum sectorial representation. As the next step, a number of expert interviews among CEOs of large business structures and GR-specialists were conducted. 15 CEOs provided expert commentaries and answered the survey's questions.

AMONG THE PARTICIPANTS OF THE ONLINE SURVEY WERE EXPERTS WITH THE FOLLOWING WORK EXPERIENCE:



SECTORIAL REPRESENTATION:

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1%	170	
	1%	

ABOUT THE RESEARCH

RETAIL INDUSTRY ENERGY AND FUEL INDUSTRY PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRY CHEMICAL INDUSTRY ALCOHOL INDUSTRY FINANCE & INSURANCE INDUSTRY FOOD PRODUCTION AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRY METALLURGICAL INDUSTRY MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AND SHIPBUILDING NANOTECHNOLOGY CONSULTING INDUSTRY/RESEARCH PUBLIC CATERING TOBACCO INDUSTRY MANUFACTURING OF BUILDING MATERIALS FOREST INDUSTRY AVIATION INDUSTRY EDUCATION RENEWABLE ENERGY

KEY CONCLUSIONS

From the standpoint of GR-specialists, the work as well as within the framework of advisory and consultative bodies is the most popular transparent way of supporting dialogue between business structures and public authorities.

The most in-demand tasks, which lie before GRspecialists, predominantly touch upon the domain of communication – interaction with public, sectorial, expert associations, building rapport and relations with representatives of legislative and executive authorities, arrangement of events or participation in events with the engagement of public officials.

Among those, who consider that communication between business structures and public authorities is non-transparent, are GR-specialists, who do not use the instrument of legal expertise with regard to legislative acts and their drafts.

6.

The key qualities/soft skills of GR-specialists: stress resistance, goal orientation, proactivity and sense of responsibility. On top of that, the competent GR-specialist should possess communication and negotiation skills, adaptability, multitasking skill.

work profile of GR-specialists of Russian and international companies¹: GR-specialists within specialists within international companies to of legal expertise and the receiving of benefits GR-specialists more often have to tackle tasks, concerning the analysis of regulatory risks, competitors and stakeholders.

arrangement of events or participation in events of sectorial expertise and preparation of speech versa, occur spontaneously.

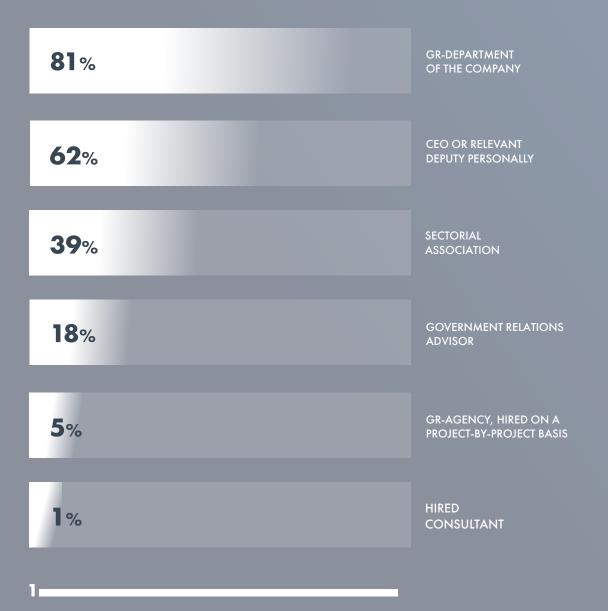
executing the GR-function is carried out by the internal HR-service and directly CEO (as a rule if the GR-specialist is directly subordinate to the CEO). It is a less common practice to hire external HR-specialists for recruitment purposes.

KEY CONCLUSIONS

through business and sectorial associations, are Relations. At the same time GR-specialists, who as the public-private partnership strategy, vice of external consultants for achieving GR-goals. Such a position is shared by specialists, whose work is associated with tackling the company's economic and financial tasks as well as with promoting its interests at the international level.

Russian companies – companies, established in Russia, which do business both in the territory of the country and abroad. International companies – companies, which were initially launched abroad and which currently do business in other countries, incl. Russia.

REPRESENTATION OF THE COMPANY'S INTERESTS WITHIN PUBLIC AUTHORITIES¹



103 RESPONDENTS

Distribution of answers to the question "As far as the representation at the governmental level of interests of the company where Your work is concerned, who most often represents the company's interests?", it is possible to choose several options, % of respondents, sampling – 103 respondents.

- → Interests of the company within public authorities are represented by: GR-specialists – in 81% of all cases, by relevant deputies or CEOs personally – in 62% of all cases, by sectorial associations – in 39% of all cases.
- → If the GR-department is subordinate to the head office of the corporation, then it is highly probable that the company's interests within public authorities are represented by GR-specialists and not by the company's CEO. By contrast, there is a situation, when the GR-department is directly subordinate to the CEO or relevant deputy – in this case the company's interests within public authorities are most often represented by the CEO personally.
- → CEOs more often suggest that they personally or sectorial associations should represent the company's interests within public authorities, while GR-specialists are more often of opinion that they are mainly responsible for the company's representation within public authorities, while the secondary role lies with CEOs and sectorial associations.

REPRESENTATION OF THE COMPANY'S INTERESTS WITHIN PUBLIC AUTHORITIES



"In my point of view, nobody can replace an in-house GRspecialist who is loyal to the company to the maximum extent possible and is always aware of it's agenda. Further it makes sense and even necessary to involve industrial associations, because it is impossible to resolve some issues without them. And the lastpriority task is to hire external GRspecialists for a particular project. Such specialists can be useful if they are able to form the team of specific experts to tackle a certain task".

> Vilena Galkina, Director of Government Relations, GEROPHARM

COMMUNICATION WITH PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

WAYS OF INTERACTION BETWEEN BUSINESS STRUCTURES AND PUBLIC AUTHORITIES¹

91 %	WORK THROUGH BUSINESS AND SECTORIAL ASSOCIATIONS
90%	WORK WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF STANDING CONSULTATIVE AND ADVISORY BODIES
85%	PERSONAL CONTACTS WITH PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND REPRESENTATIVES OF MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES
68 %	PUBLIC AND COLLECTIVE INTERACTION WITH PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND REPRESENTATIVES OF MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES
63 %	LEGAL EXPERTISE
24 %	FUNDING OF NONPROFIT SOCIAL PROJECTS

103 RESPONDENTS

Distribution of answers to the question "Please, note, what are the most popular transparent ways, instruments of interaction between business structures and public authorities, which are actively utilized in Russia, in Your opinion?", it is possible to choose several options, % of respondents, sampling – 103 respondents.

- → GR-specialists note that the most effective and transparent dialogue with public authorities is conducted on behalf of the entire industry and implemented through the work of business and sectorial associations, standing consultative and advisory bodies and through other public dimensions.
- → On top of that, there are two distinct groups² among GR-specialists. The first group performs the GR-function exclusively through the public communication with authorities: round tables, press conferences, forum sessions. The second group gives more preference to the systemic work within the framework of consultative bodies of regulators, sectorial business associations and large business unions, as well as the second group prefers personal contacts with public officials.
- → Legal expertise as an effective transparent way of communication between business and government structures is more popular in Russian companies than in international ones, as well as among GRspecialists with over 10 years of work experience or with the public sector's work experience.

These groups were identified, using cluster analysis.

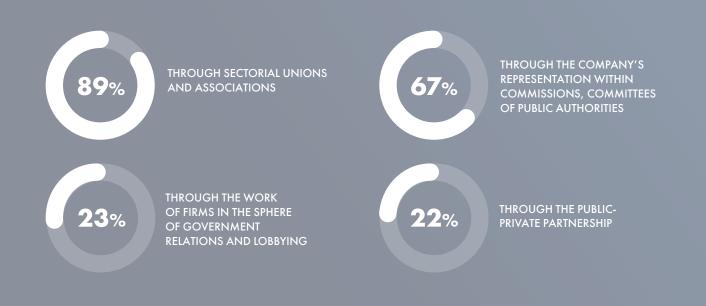
COMMUNICATION WITH PUBLIC AUTHORITIES



"Traditionally the implementation of legal expertise is not considered as an activity direction of GRspecialists. However, in practice the domain of legal expertise is an effective instrument for resolving GR-issues: it not only helps build communication with public officials, but also makes it possible to directly participate in the decisionmaking. Due to the legal expertise of legislative acts and their drafts, private interests obtain the pertinent justification and can be delivered at the governmental level exclusively through the toolkit of transparent GR″.

> Anastasia Parfenchikova, Director-General of the Research Center for Legal Expertise

PROMOTION STRATEGY WITH REGARD TO THE COMPANY'S INTERESTS AT THE LEVEL OF PUBLIC AUTHORITIES¹



- \rightarrow Experts pointed out that the work through sectorial unions and associations is the most popular strategy of promoting the business interests within public authorities: almost 90% of GR-specialists agree with this statement.
- \rightarrow 67% of GR-specialists underline that the company's representation within commissions, committees of public authorities is another in-demand strategy of promoting the private

- \rightarrow 22% of GR-specialists suggest that the public-private partnership is also a favorite instrument, which is utilized by business entities for the purpose of promoting their interests at the governmental level.
- \rightarrow 23% of experts point out that consulting agencies in the field intermediaries with regard to the promotion of corporate lack of GR-specialists in the company. It is equally likely that both companies with one GR-specialist and companies with 8 or more GR-specialists are going to utilize the professional assistance of consulting firms. It is worth noting that involvement of external consultants is a more common practice among GRspecialists of international companies, than Russian ones.
- \rightarrow Apart from the enumerated strategies, experts had opportunities to name their own effective means of promoting the private interests: for instance, the following tools were mentioned: CEOs' communication at the highest level as well as participation in the key business forums.

103 RESPONDENTS

Distribution of answers to the question "What is the most popular strategy of promoting the company's interests at the governmental level, in Your opinion?", it is possible to choose several options, sampling – 103 respondents.

PROMOTION STRATEGY WITH REGARD TO THE COMPANY'S INTERESTS AT THE LEVEL OF PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

COURSES OF ACTION AND OBJECTIVES OF GR-SPECIALISTS¹

RUSSIAN COMPANIES

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES

REPUTATIONAL: DEVELOPMENT OF THE IMAGE OF A SOCIALLY RESPONSIBLE BUSINESS

COMMUNICATIONAL: REPRESENTATION OF THE COMPANY'S INTERESTS WITHIN RELEVANT COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES OF PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

ANALYTICAL: ANALYSIS OF RISKS OF THE REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT, STAKEHOLDERS AND COMPETITORS

ECONOMIC: RECEIVING OF BENEFITS AND SUBSIDIES

LEGAL: LEGAL EXPERTISE OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS

- → GR-specialists point out that they most often have to tackle issues in terms of the representation of the company's interests within commissions and committees of public authorities – 4 out of 5 GR-specialists perform such kind of function; it is followed by the analytical objectives, aimed at evaluating the regulatory environment, stakeholders and competitors – every third GR-specialist has to tackle these tasks. Every fourth GR-specialist is responsible for tackling the reputational (development of the image of a socially responsible business) and legal (legal expertise of legislative acts and their drafts) objectives.
- → There are substantial differences in terms of the work profile of GR-specialists between Russian and international companies: GR-specialists within Russian companies are twice as likely than GR-specialists within international companies to tackle the tasks of legal and financial nature, in particular, with regard to the implementation of legal expertise and the receiving of benefits and subsidies. Within international companies GR-specialists more often have to tackle tasks, concerning the analysis of regulatory risks, competitors and stakeholders.



participation in events with the engagement of

101 RESPONDENTS

Distribution of answers to the question "What are the specific

COURSES OF ACTION AND OBJECTIVES OF GR-SPECIALISTS



"Most often GR-specialists face tasks, aimed at evaluating the risks, development opportunities and buttressing the continuous business performance – Business Continuity Planning".

> Oleg Klein, Cargill Russia

COURSES OF ACTION AND OBJECTIVES OF GR-SPECIALISTS

OBJECTIVES OF GR-SPECIALISTS, THAT THEY HAVE TO EXECUTE IN THEIR DUTIES¹

96%	INTERACTION WITH PUBLIC, BUSINESS, SECTORIAL AND EXPERT ORGANIZATIONS
92 %	BUILDING RAPPORT AND RELATIONS WITH REPRESENTATIVE OF LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE AUTHORITIES
88%	ARRANGEMENT OF EVENTS OR PARTICIPATION IN EVENTS WITH THE ENGAGEMENT OF PUBLIC OFFICIALS
87 %	MONITORING AND ASSESSMENT OF RISKS OF THE REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT
81%	COMPANY'S REPRESENTATION WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES OF PUBLIC AUTHORITIES
67 %	BUILDING RAPPORT AND RELATIONS WITH REPRESENTATIVE OF CONTROL AND OVERSIGHT AUTHORITIES
63 %	PREPARATION OF TEXTS, MATERIALS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS, LEADING UP TO THE ADDRESS OF CORPORATE MANAGERS
61 %	CREATION OF SECTORIAL EXPERTISE AND ANALYTICS
60 %	DEVELOPMENT OF THE IMAGE OF A SOCIALLY RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION
53 %	LEGAL EXPERTISE OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS
26 %	DEMONSTRATION OF THE INVESTMENT ATTRACTIVENESS OF THE COMPANY
14 %	OBTAINMENT OF QUALITY AWARDS, CERTIFICATION

- → As far as the timeframes for the completion of tasks are concerned, GR-specialists encounter both the long-term objectives and the instantaneous problem-solving. 91% of respondents equally tackle the long-term and short-term issues.
- → CEOs more often point out that they set planned, systematic objectives for GR-specialists, while every second GR-specialist is of opinion that the spontaneous objective-setting prevails.
- → According to the views of respondents, among the planned tasks are most often: implementation of the specific legal expertise, building rapport and relations with control and oversight authorities. Among the spontaneous tasks are most often: arrangement of events or participation in events with the engagement of public officials, creation of sectoral expertise, preparation of speech texts and materials for corporate managers.

103 RESPONDENTS

Distribution of answers to the question "What are the work tasks, which lie before You within Your current position?", it is possible to choose several options, % of respondents, sampling – 103 respondents.

COURSES OF ACTION AND OBJECTIVES OF GR-SPECIALISTS



"GR-managers' scope often demands work in an uncertain and volatile environment. Important to emphasize the availability of the risk map split into «Impact» and «Probability» sections. The map is being updated on the regular basis and each risk refers to its own tailored made anticrisis scenario. For us it is a consistent and ongoing work".

> Oraz Durdyev, Legal & Corporate Affairs Director, AB InBev Efes

COURSES OF ACTION AND OBJECTIVES OF GR-SPECIALISTS

HIGH-PRIORITY OBJECTIVES OF GR-SPECIALISTS, THAT THEY HAVE TO EXECUTE IN THEIR DUTIES, **DEPENDING ON THE OBJECTIVE-SETTING TIME¹**

PLANNED OBJECTIVE-SETTING SPONTANEOUS C	IBJECTIVE-SETTING		
98%	INTERACTION WITH PUBLIC, BUSINESS,	59%	DEVELO
94%	SECTORIAL AND EXPERT ORGANIZATIONS	61%	A SOCIA
90%	BUILDING RAPPORT AND RELATIONS WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF LEGISLATIVE	59%	LEGAL E
94%	AND EXECUTIVE AUTHORITIES	48%	OF LEGI
88%	MONITORING AND ASSESSMENT OF RISKS	55%	PREPARA ANNOU
87%	OF THE REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT	70%	THE ADD
82%	COMPANY'S REPRESENTATION WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF COMMISSIONS,	55%	CREATIO
80%	COMMITTEES OF PUBLIC AUTHORITIES	67 %	AND AI
82%	ARRANGEMENT OF EVENTS OR PARTICIPATION IN	22%	DEMON
94%	EVENTS WITH THE ENGAGEMENT OF PUBLIC OFFICIALS	30%	ATTRAC
76%	BUILDING RAPPORT AND RELATIONS WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF CONTROL AND	14%	OBTAIN
59%	OVERSIGHT AUTHORITIES	13%	CERTIFI

103 RESPONDENTS

COURSES OF ACTION AND OBJECTIVES OF GR-SPECIALISTS

OPMENT OF THE IMAGE OF IALLY RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION

EXPERTISE ISLATIVE ACTS

RATION OF TEXTS, MATERIALS AND UNCEMENTS, LEADING UP TO DDRESS OF CORPORATE MANAGERS

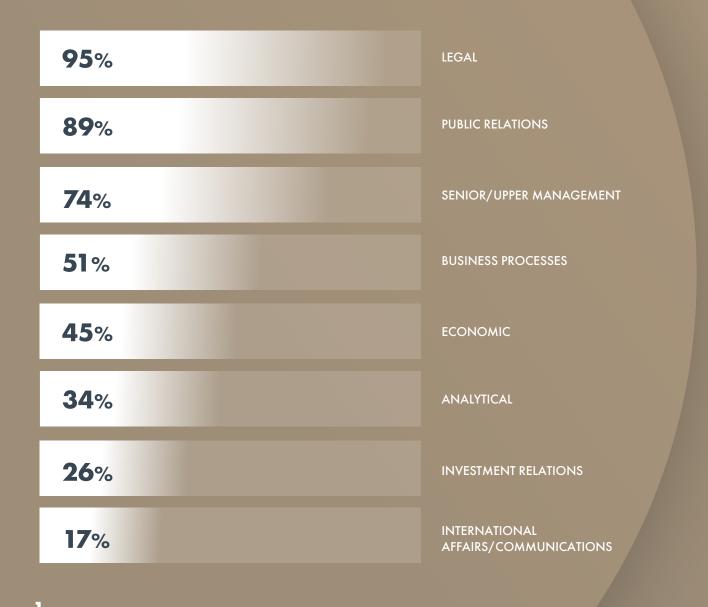
TION OF SECTORIAL EXPERTISE ANALYTICS

NSTRATION OF THE INVESTMENT ACTIVENESS OF THE COMPANY

NMENT OF QUALITY AWARDS,

CORPORATE **INTERACTION**

INTERNAL INTERACTION WITH OTHER DEPARTMENTS¹



102 RESPONDENTS

Distribution of answers to the question "Which internal departments are You interacting with?",

- → Most often, GR-specialists interact with the Legal Department, Public Relations Department as well as with the Senior/Upper Management of the company.
- → Moreover, experts noted the relevant communication of GRspecialists with the Business Division, Tax Division, Financial Department, Department of Environmental Security.
- \rightarrow It is feasible to underline three the most popular directions for interaction of GR-specialists with other divisions of the company. The first group interacts with the Legal Department, Business Processes Department, Public Relations Department and the Senior/Upper Management. The second one more often interacts exclusively with the Legal Department, while the third one – only with the Senior/Upper Management.
- \rightarrow CEOs are of opinion that GR-specialists often enough interact with the Analytical Department, while GR-specialists themselves truly interact with it only in one third cases. At the same time every second case touches upon the cooperation with the Business Processes Department.

CORPORATE

DELEGATION OF THE GR-DEPARTMENT'S FUNCTIONS

EXECUTION OF GR-FUNCTIONS¹

67 %	DIRECTOR, CEO
32 %	LEGAL DEPARTMENT
28 %	ADVISOR, VICE PRESIDENT
26 %	GR-DEPARTMENT EXCLUSIVELY
15%	PR-SERVICE
10%	HIRED CONSULTANT/FIRM
2 %	DEPARTMENT OF STRATEGIC PLANNING
1	

→ Objectives of the company within the broader GR-framework (apart from the representative function) are executed, according to GR-specialists, by the CEO/Director-General of the company, in one third cases – by the Legal Department. In addition to that, respondents noted the GR-function is partly executed by the Investment Director, shareholders, Department of External Affairs/Communications.

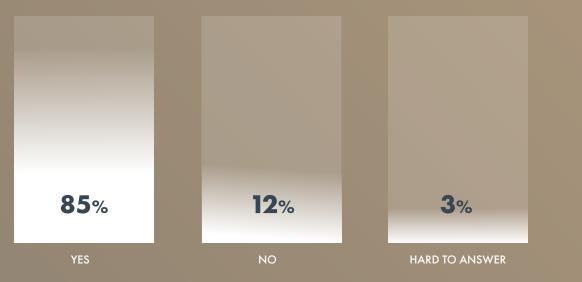
93 RESPONDENTS

Distribution of answers to the question "Who else executes the GR-function (apart from the representation at the level of public authorities) in Your company?" depending on the company, it is possible to choose several options, % of respondents, sampling – 93 respondents.

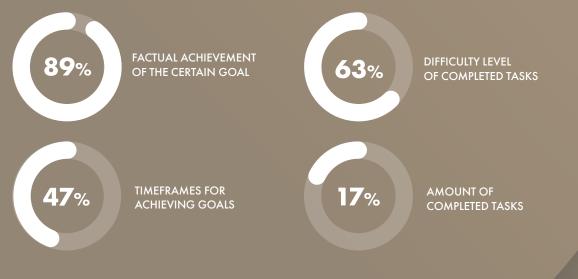
DELEGATION OF THE GR-DEPARTMENT'S FUNCTIONS

FORMATION OF THE KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (KPIs) SYSTEM

DISTRIBUTION OF ANSWERS TO THE QUESTION "DO YOU HAVE KPIs?", 102 RESPONDENTS



"WHAT ARE THE PERTINENT KPI METRICS IN YOUR WORK, IN YOUR OPINION?", 101 RESPONDENTS*



* It is possible to give several answers

- → 85% of GR-specialists emphatically highlighted the presence of specific KPI metrics, 12% of GRspecialists underlined the lack thereof, it was hard to give a direct answer for other respondents.
- → CEOs of companies are of opinion that timeframes for achieving goals is the paramount criterion for the relevant KPI setting, at the same time GR-specialists themselves underline the difficulty level of completed tasks.
- → To answer the KPI question, respondents were able to provide their own feedback. For example, among the essential criteria for the KPI setting were the following metrics: revenue and expenditure volume of the company, the number of engaged actors, possibility to exclude consequences of earlier identified risks or risk postponement. One of the experts prefers the Objectives and Key Results (OKR) method, and not KPIs.



"How to measure was the GR successful or not? First you would need to get impact analysis done – if the changes should get place what would happen to the business, measure its losses and opportunities. If there are no new opportunities even through transformation of business processes or its core model, you should fight to "delay" the inevitable losses. And if such analysis is done together with business it is not an issue to create KPI's even for GR".

> Elman Mekhtiyev, President of NAPCA

IMAGE OF AN "IDEAL" SPECIALIST IN GOVERNMENT RELATIONS

KEY SKILLS OF A COMPETENT GR-SPECIALIST¹

96 %	COMMUNICATION AND NEGOTIATION SKILLS
81%	MULTITASKING
71 %	ADAPTABILITY
68%	ORGANIZATIONAL SKILLS
64%	MODERN WRITTEN AND ORAL RUSSIAN LANGUAGE
64 %	HIGH-LEVEL SELF-ORGANIZATION SKILLS
46 %	HIGH-LEVEL KNOWLEDGE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES (IT)
29 %	EXCELLENT COMMAND OF FOREIGN LANGUAGE

PROFESSIONAL SKILLS

- → The majority of experts highlighted the communication and negotiation expertise, adaptability and the multitasking mode among the key skills of a competent GR-specialist.
- → As their own answer to the question, respondents highlighted the analytical mindset, ability to form alliances and build personal contacts with people, vast general knowledge, strategic thinking.
- → Experts with over 10 years of professional experience in GR are prone to underline that a competent GR-specialist should possess the high-level selforganization skill.
- → CEOs among respondents are unanimously of opinion that GR-specialists should possess organizational skills. GR-specialists themselves suggest that the multitasking mode and adaptability are more essential skills.

102 RESPONDENTS

Distribution of answers to the question "In Your opinion, what are the key skills, that should be possessed by a competent GR-specialist?", it is possible to choose several options, % of respondents, sampling – 102 respondents.

IMAGE OF AN "IDEAL" SPECIALIST IN GOVERNMENT RELATIONS



"GR-specialist – it is, first of all, a business partner. The certain professional education is not critical for this role. It is a person, who knows how business works, who is able to see and evaluate risks, to be an effective team player. Such personal qualities as proactivity and contribution mindset, which help GR-specialists be the a real business partner, are very important. Professional GR person never takes the approach: "Tell me what to do and I'll do it". Engagement, effectiveness, and high performance are core personal qualities for this role".

Elena Rassudimova, CEO, Guardian Glass in Russia and CIS

IMAGE OF AN "IDEAL" SPECIALIST IN GOVERNMENT RELATIONS

PERSONAL QUALITIES¹

84%	STRESS RESISTANCE
71 %	GOAL ORIENTATION
67 %	PROACTIVITY
67 %	SENSE OF RESPONSIBILITY
57 %	FAST LEARNABILITY
37 %	MOBILITY
32 %	AGREEABLENESS
28 %	HONESTY
27 %	ORDERLINESS
<mark>23</mark> %	PUNCTUALITY
23 %	DILIGENCE
21 %	INDUSTRIOUSNESS
17%	LOYALTY TO THE CORPORATE MANAGEN

103 RESPONDENTS

Distribution of answers to the question "In Your opinion, what are the personal gualities, which most often characterize a GR-specialist?", it is possible to choose several options, % of respondents, sampling – 103 respondents.

- → Stress resistance, goal orientation, proactivity and sense of responsibility – the most essential characteristics of a GR-specialist, according to the majority of respondents.
- \rightarrow As their own answers to the question, regarding the personal qualities of a GR-specialist, experts added the competence to see and evaluate the situation from the standpoint of public authorities, flexibility, decisiveness, knowledge of the work of bureaucratic institutions, understanding the governmental mission.
- \rightarrow Respondents with less professional experience more often highlighted the agreeableness feature as the most significant quality of a GRspecialist, while experts with more professional experience put an emphasis on the goal orientation ability.

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

MENT

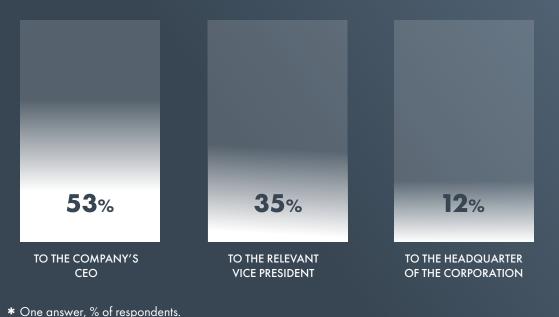
- → GR-specialists in Russian companies more often have the former professional experience in the public sector, than GR-specialists in international companies.
- \rightarrow It is a more common practice in international companies, than in Russian companies to employ specialists, whose work experience is associated with the similar domain, where the company-employer operates.
- → CEOs note that the work experience of GR-specialists in the relevant project is considered as more valuable, than the work experience in the public sector.

IMAGE OF AN "IDEAL" SPECIALIST IN GOVERNMENT RELATIONS

STAFFING ARRANGEMENTS AND RECRUITMENT

→ 53% of GR-specialists point out that the GR-service is directly subordinate to the company's CEO, 35% – that it is subordinate to deputies/vice presidents, 12 % of specialists – that it is subordinate to the headquarter of the corporation.

DISTRIBUTION OF ANSWERS TO THE QUESTION "TO WHOM IS THE GR-DIVISION/GR-SPECIALIST DIRECTLY SUBORDINATE?", **SAMPLING - 96 RESPONDENTS***



DISTRIBUTION OF ANSWERS TO THE QUESTION "WHO MORE OFTEN SELECTS GR-SPECIALISTS?", 103 RESPONDENTS*



* It is possible to choose several options, % of respondents.

- \rightarrow Recruitment for the purpose of performing the \rightarrow If the GR-specialist is directly subordinate to the GR-function within the company is more often executed by the internal HR-service or directly by the company's CEO.
 - CEO, most often the CEO personally chooses such a specialist.

 \rightarrow For the recruitment purposes the assistance of \rightarrow In Russian companies CEOs more often external HR-services is used less often (most often it is done by companies, which do business in the sphere of online trade and services).

STAFFING ARRANGEMENTS AND RECRUITMENT

INTERNAL HR-SERVICE

personally select specialists, at the same time in international companies it is more often done by external HR-services.

GR-INDUSTRY

MORE LIKELY AGREE AGI SIM

NEED GR-SPECIALISTS¹

3% 10% 87%

ŏ/ %

AGREE AND DISAGREE

IMULTANEOUSLY

GR-SPECIALISTS CANNOT BE REPLACED WITH GOOD PERSONAL CONNECTIONS AND ACQUAINTANCES OF THE SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL IN THE DOMAIN OF PUBLIC SERVICE²

MORE LIKELY DISAGREE

1% 14% 85%

COMPANIES GIVE MORE PREFERENCE TO CORPORATE (IN-HOUSE) GR-SPECIALISTS AND LESS PREFERENCE TO CONSULTING COMPANIES IN THE SPHERE OF GOVERNMENT RELATIONS¹

1% 20% 79% ETHICAL NORMS SHOULD BE ABOVE MATERIAL INTERESTS

OF THE COMPANY¹

4% **21**% **75**%

THE MARKET IS UNDER CONSTANT CHANGE, AND THE INFORMAL WAYS OF COMMUNICATION ARE BEING CURRENTLY REPLACED BY THE NEW TOOLKIT OF TRANSPARENT GR²

8% 19% 73% THE HIGHLY PROFESSIONAL CLUSTER OF GR-SPECIALISTS HAS NOT BEEN FORMED IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION YET² 18% 36% 46% MOST OFTEN THE COMMUNICATION BETWEEN BUSINESS AND GOVERNMENT STRUCTURES IS NON-TRANSPARENT² 30% 36% 34% SECTORIAL ASSOCIATIONS PROTECT BUSINESS INTERESTS BETTER, THAN PROFESSIONAL CONSULTANTS IN THE SPHERE OF GR² 27% 28% 45%

- → The majority of respondents agree that personal connections and contacts of the senior management personnel cannot replace the work of GR-specialists in terms of the effective implementation of communicational and strategic objectives of the company.
- → For the majority of GR-specialists ethical norms are above material interests of the company, what is more, they use exclusively the toolkit of transparent GR.
- → Some part of respondents, preferring the work through business and sectorial associations, are certain that this tool is very effective for promoting business interests, compared with the employment of professional consultants in Government Relations. At the same time GR-specialists, who utilize the analytical instruments (analysis of the regulatory environment, legal expertise) as well as the publicprivate partnership strategy, vice versa, highlight the considerable effectiveness of external consultants for achieving GR-goals. Such a position is shared by specialists, whose work is associated with tackling the company's economic and financial tasks as well as with promoting its interests at the international level.

Distribution of answers to the question "Please, evaluate how strongly You agree or disagree with the following statements", one answer, 101 respondents were questioned in total.

2

Distribution of answers to the question "Please, evaluate how strongly You agree or disagree with the following statements", one answer, 103 respondents were questioned in total.



"We don't supersede in-house GR-specialists, we create added value for their work. In view of that, most often we are requested to elaborate GR-strategies and strategies of lobbying projects, ensure their implementation. Besides, we are requested to provide legal expertise of legislative acts (other normative acts), risk and opportunity assessment and the regulatory environment analysis".

Eduard Voytenko, CEO, Baikal Communications Group